

Duct Air Quality Sensor

Duct air quality sensor for detection of CO₂ with 0 to10 V output. Optional integrated temperature, humidity, VOC sensors and LCD display.





Туре	Output signal active CO ₂	Output signal active VOC	Output signal active temperature	Output signal passive temperature	Output signal active CO ₂ /VOC	Output signal active humidity	Display type
22DC-11	DC 05 V, DC 010 V	-	-	-	-	-	-
22DC-110L	DC 05 V, DC 010 V	-	-	NTC10k2	-	-	-
22DCK-11	DC 05 V, DC 010 V	DC 05 V, DC 010 V	DC 05 V, DC 010 V	-	DC 05 V, DC 010 V	-	-
22DCM-11	DC 05 V, DC 010 V	DC 05 V, DC 010 V	DC 05 V, DC 010 V	-	-	-	-
2DCV-11	DC 05 V, DC 010 V	DC 05 V, DC 010 V	-	-	-	-	-
22DTC-11	DC 05 V, DC 010 V	-	DC 05 V, DC 010 V	-	-	-	-
22DTM-11	DC 05 V, DC 010 V	-	DC 05 V, DC 010 V	-	-	DC 05 V, DC 010 V	-
22DTM-1106	DC 05 V, DC 010 V	-	DC 05 V, DC 010 V	-	-	DC 05 V, DC 010 V	LCD

Technical Data		
Electrical Data	Power supply DC	1524 V, ±10%, 1.5 W
	Power supply AC	24 V, ±10%, 2.9 VA
	Electrical connection	removable spring loaded terminal block max. 11 GA [2.5 mm²]
	Cable entry	Cable gland with strain relief Ø68 mm
Functional Data	Sensor Technology	NDIR (non dispersive infrared) with stainless steel wire mesh filter, dual channel calibration
	Output signal active note	output DC 0 to 5/10 V with jumper adjustable voltage output: min. 10 $k\Omega$ load
	Display	LCD, measured values: CO₂, temperature, rH, VOC
	Media	air



	Technical data sheet		22DC11		
Measuring Data	Measuring values	temperat			
	Measuring range CO ₂	02000	ppm		
	Measuring range humidity	0 to 100°	% RH		
	Measuring range temperature	30120	°F [050 °C]		
	Accuracy CO₂	±(50 ppn	n + 3% of measuring value)		
	Accuracy humidity	±2% bet	±2% between 10 to 90% RH @ 70°F [21°C]		
	Accuracy temperature active	±0.9 °F (±0.9 °F @ 70 °F [±0.5 °C @ 21 °C]		
	Accuracy temperature passive	±0.3 °F (@ 77 °F [±0.2 °C @ 25 °C]		
Materials	Cable gland	PA6, bla	ck		
	Housing	base: lex	tant xan, orange xan, orange 67 NBR70, black		
	Probe material	PA6, bla	ck		
Safety Data	Ambient humidity	max. 95	max. 95% RH non-condensing		
	Ambient temperature	30120	°F [050 °C]		
	Medium temperature	30120	°F [050 °C]		
	Operating condition air flow	min. 1 ft/s [0.3 m/s] max. 33 ft/s [10 m/s]			
	Protection class IEC/EN	III safety	extra-low voltage (selv)		
	Protection class UL	UL Class	UL Class 2 Supply		
	EU Conformity	CE-Kenr	nzeichnung		
	Certification IEC/EN	IEC/EN 6	60730-1		
	Certification UL	E60730- and 2006	cc. to UL60730-1A/-2-9, CAN/CSA 1:02/-2-9, CE acc. to 2004/108/EC 6/95/EC, NEMA 4X, IP65, UL re Type 4X		
	Degree of protection IEC/EN	IP65			
	Degree of protection NEMA/UL	NEMA 4	X		

Safety Notes



The installation and assembly of electrical equipment should only be performed by authorized personnel.

This device has been designed for use in stationary heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems and must not be used outside the specified field of application. Unauthorised modifications are prohibited. The product must not be used in relation with any equipment that in case of a failure may threaten human, animals or assets.

ISO 9001

Ensure all power is disconnected before installing. Do not connect to live/operating equipment.

Please comply with

Quality Standard

- Local laws, health & safety regulations, technical standards and regulations
- \bullet Condition of the device at the time of installation, to ensure safe installation
- This data sheet and installation manual



Remarks

General Remarks Concerning Sensors

Sensing devices with a transducer should always be operated in the middle of the measuring range to avoid deviations at the measuring end points. The ambient temperature of the transducer electronics should be kept constant. The transducers must be operated at a constant supply voltage (±0.2 V). When switching the supply voltage on/off, onsite power surges must be avoided.

Build-up of Self-Heating by Electrical Dissipative Power

Temperature sensors with electronic components always have a dissipative power which affects the temperature measurement of the ambient air. The dissipation in active temperature sensors shows a linear increase with rising operating voltage. This dissipative power should be taken into account when measuring temperature. As Belimo transducers work with a variable operating voltage, only one operating voltage can be taken into consideration, for reasons of production engineering. Transducers 0 to 10 V / 4 to 20 mA have a standard setting at an operating voltage of DC 24 V. That means, that at this voltage, the expected measuring error of the output signal will be the least. For other operating voltages, the offset error will be increased by a changing power loss of the sensor electronics. If a re-calibration should become necessary later directly on the sensor, this can be done by means of a trimming potentiometer on the sensor board.

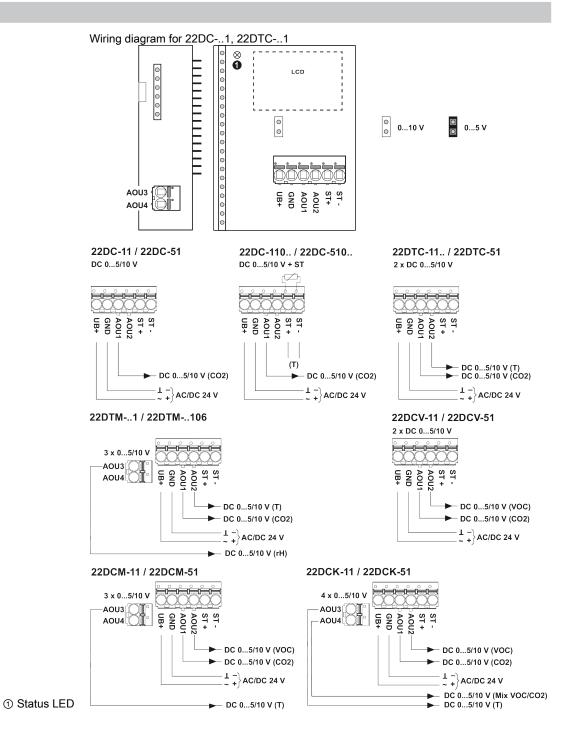
Information Self-Calibration Feature CO2

All CO_2 sensors are subject to drift caused by the aging process of the components, resulting in regular re-calibration or replacement units. However the dual channel technology integrates automatic self-calibration technology vs common used ABC-Logic sensors. Dual channel self-calibration technology is ideally suited for applications operating 24/7 hours such as hosiptals or other commercial applications. Manual calibration is not required.

Scope of delive	ry		
	Scope of delivery	Description	Туре
		Mounting Flange for duct sensor 19.5 mm	A-22D-A35
Accessories			
	Optional accessories	Description	Туре
		Replacement filter Stainless steel, wire mesh	A-22D-A06



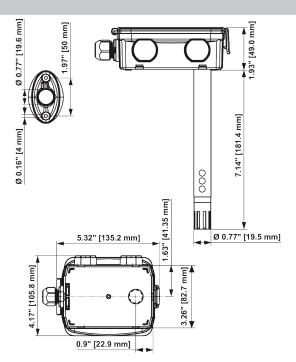
Wiring Diagram





Dimensions

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Туре	Weight
22DC-11	0.57 lb [0.26 kg]
22DC-110L	0.57 lb [0.26 kg]
22DCK-11	0.59 lb [0.27 kg]
22DCM-11	0.59 lb [0.27 kg]
22DCV-11	0.59 lb [0.27 kg]
22DTC-11	0.57 lb [0.26 kg]
22DTM-11	0.57 lb [0.26 kg]
22DTM-1106	0.61 lb [0.28 kg]